

Anatomy Of An Apology

"For godly sorrow produces repentance leading to salvation, not to be regretted; but the sorrow of the world produces death." 2 Corinthians 7:10 (NKJV)

Why do some _____ sound so _____?

Is An Apology Really Necessary?

A. What the Bible says about repairing relationships:

1. Luke 17:3,4 - After being _____, if a brother _____ we are to _____ him. (_____ implies apology.)
2. Matthew 5:23,24 - We should seek to be _____ before offering our _____ at the _____.
3. Matthew 5:9 - The _____ will be called _____ of God.
4. James 3:17,18 - Those who live by the _____ from _____ will seek _____ with others.

B. Da Vinci couldn't _____ the face of _____ until he worked on his _____ toward his _____.

The Anatomy Of An Apology

A. Three components of a valid apology:

1. An _____ of _____
2. _____ for _____ that have been inflicted
3. A _____ to make _____

B. Biblical examples of repentance and reconciliation:

1. 2 Corinthians 7:10 - Not all sorrow is _____. This kind will lead to _____, not to _____.
2. Numbers 5:5-7 - The offender had to _____ his wrong and make _____.
3. 1 Samuel 15:30 - _____ finally admitted he had _____, but still wanted to be _____ by _____.
4. Psalm 51:3-4,16-17,12-15 - David _____ his sin, felt _____ for it, and vowed to do what was _____.
5. Proverbs 28:13 - Those who _____ sin won't _____. We must _____ our sins and _____ them.
6. Matthew 27:3-5 - _____ didn't follow God's model.
7. 2 Corinthians 7:10,11 - _____ sorrow will show _____ to _____ ourselves.
8. Hebrews 12:14 - We must _____ peace with _____.

When apologies are _____, people are likely to _____.

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